INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS June 30, 2009

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OFFICIALS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
	Board of Education (Before September, 2008 Election)	
John Terpstra Daniel Cross Tim Dunsbergen Michael Rozendaal Matt James	President Vice President Board Member Board Member Board Member	2008 2008 2009 2009 2011*
	Board of Education (After September, 2008 Election)	
Daniel Cross John Terpstra Tim Dunsbergen Michael Rozendaal Matt James	President Vice President Board Member Board Member Board Member	2011 2011 2009 2009 2011*
	School Officials	
Duane Willhite	Superintendent	2009
Karla De Cook	Business Manager/District Secretary	2009
Kyle Terpstra	District Treasurer	2009
Brian Gruhn	Attorney	2009

^{*} Board term extended per the District's transition plan for changing Board terms from 3 to 4 years in accordance with Chapter 39.24 of the Code of Iowa.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Lynnville-Sully Community School District Lynnville-Sully, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lynnville-Sully Community School District, Lynnville-Sully, lowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lynnville-Sully Community School District at June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2009 on our consideration of Lynnville-Sully Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 11 and 36 through 37 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lynnville-Sully Community School District's basic financial statements. Another CPA firm previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the four years ending June 30, 2005 and we audited the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2008 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Van Maanen, Sietstra & Meyer, PC Certified Public Accountants

Van Mainer, Sictstra & Meyer, PC

September 9, 2009

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Lynnville-Sully Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2009 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$4,354,836 in fiscal 2008 to \$4,315,213 in fiscal 2009, while General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,382,362 in fiscal 2008 to \$4,505,389 in fiscal 2009. The District's General Fund balance decreased from \$656,521 in fiscal 2008 to \$466,345 in fiscal 2009, a 29% decrease.
- The decrease in General Fund revenues was attributable to state budget cuts. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an increase in the negotiated salary and benefits.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Lynnville-Sully Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Lynnville-Sully Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major Special Revenue Funds.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

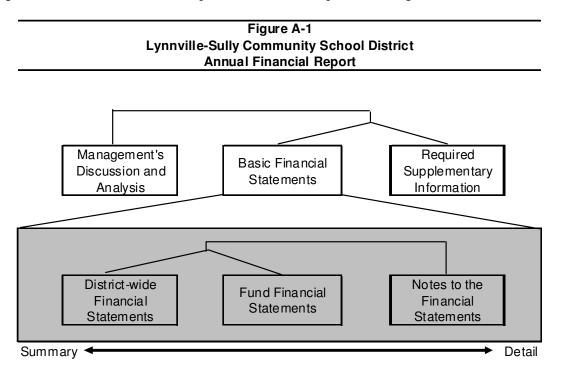


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2					
M	ajor Features of the District-Wid	de and Fund Financial Statemen			
	District-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	atements		
Coons			Proprietary Funds		
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	are not proprietary or fiduciary,	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses:		
	lulius)	such as special education and	food services and adult		
		building maintenance	education		
		building mainterrance	education		
Required Financial Statements	_Statement of net assets	_Balance Sheet	_ Statement of net assets		
	_Statement of activities	_Statement of revenues,	_ Statement of revenues,		
		expenditures, and changes in	expenses and changes in fund		
		fund balances	net assets		
			_ Statement of cash flows		
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and			
measurement focus	economic resources focus	current financial resources focus	economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both	Generally, assets expected to	All assets and liabilities, both		
	financial and capital, short-term	be used up and liabilities that	financial and capital, and short-		
	and long-term	come due during the year or	term and long-term		
		soon thereafter; no capital			
		assets or long-term liabilities			
		included			
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and expenses	Revenues for which cash is	All revenues and expenses		
information	during year, regardless of when	received during or soon after the	during the year, regardless of		
	cash is received or paid	end of the year; expenditures	when cash is received or paid		
		when goods or services have			
		been received and the related			
		liability is due during the year or			
		soon thereafter			

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The district has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) *Proprietary funds:* Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets and a statement of cash flows.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2009 compared to June 30, 2008.

		Figure A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)						
	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	ties	Tot Dist	Total Change		
		June (2009	30, 2008	June 2009	30, 2008	June 2009	30, 2008	June 30, 2008-09
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	4,704 4,786 9,490	3,659 4,837 8,496	65 11 76	57 13 70	4,769 4,797 9,566	3,716 4,850 8,566	28.3% -1.1% 11.7%
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities		2,220 3,659	2,356 2,539	- 4	- 2	2,220 3,663	2,356 2,541	-5.8% 44.2%
Total liabilities		5,879	4,895	4	2	5,883	4,897	20.1%
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted		2,581 571 459	2,497 448 656	11 - 61	13 - 55	2,592 571 520	2,510 448 711	3.3% 27.5% -26.9%
Total net assets	\$	3,611	3,601	72	68	3,683	3,669	0.4%

The District's combined net assets increased by nearly .4%, or approximately \$14,000, over the prior year. The largest portion of the District's net assets is the invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with resources other than capital assets.

Restricted net assets represent resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The District's restricted net assets increased approximately \$123,000, or 27.5% over the prior year.

Unrestricted net assets – the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements – decreased approximately \$191,000 or 26.9%.

Figure A-4 shows the change in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2009

	Figure A-4 Changes in Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)						
		Govern		Busines		Total District	
		Activi	ties	Activ	ities		
	Ye	ar endec	June 30,	Year ended June 30,		Year ended	June 30,
		2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service	\$	662	630	184	159	846	789
Operating grants, contributions and restricted interest		764	720	66	63	830	783
Capital grants, contributions and restricted interest		-	-	-	-	-	-
General revenues:							
Property tax		1,903	1,805	-	-	1,903	1,805
Local option sales and service tax		286	291	-	-	286	291
Unrestricted state grants		1,590	1,715	-	-	1,590	1,715
Unrestricted investment earnings		32	88	-	-	32	88
Other		62	54		_	62	54
Total revenues		5,299	5,303	250	222	5,549	5,525
Program expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction		3,470	3,257	-	-	3,470	3,257
Support services		1,481	1,454	-	-	1,481	1,454
Non-instructional programs		1	1	246	228	247	229
Other expenses		337	342		_	337	342
Total expenses		5,289	5,054	246	228	5,535	5,282
Change in net assets	\$	10	249	4	(6)	14	243

In fiscal 2009, property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 66% of the revenue from governmental activities while charges for service and sales and operating grants and contributions account for 100% of the revenue from business type activities. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services, which account for 94% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$5,298,928 and expenses were \$5,289,620

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses.

	Figure A-5 Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)				
	To	tal Cost	Net Cost		
	of Services		of Services		
Instruction	\$	3,470	2,238		
Support services		1 ,481	1,450		
Non-instructional programs		1	1		
Other expenses		337	174		
Totals	\$	5,289	3,863		

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$3,863,235.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$764,220.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$2,188,704 in property and other taxes and \$1,589,860 in unrestricted state grants.

Business Type Activities

Revenues for business type activities were \$250,674 and expenses were \$246,813. The District's business type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

INDIVIDUAL FUND ANALYSIS

As previously noted, Lynnville-Sully Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,046,044 down from last year's ending fund balances of \$1,112,827.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The General Fund balance decreased from \$656,521 to \$466,345 due in part to increased salary and benefit costs and decreased state aid.
- The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL) Fund balance increased from a balance of \$93,676 in fiscal 2008 to a balance of \$177,266 in fiscal 2009.
- The Capital Projects Fund balance increased from \$207,042 in fiscal 2008 to \$235,664 in fiscal 2009.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

School Nutrition Fund net assets increased from \$68,542 at June 30, 2008 to \$72,403 at June 30, 2009, representing an increase of approximately 6%.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's receipts were \$289,917 lower than budgeted, a variance of 5%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving less in State sources than originally anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the instruction and support services.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2009, the District had invested \$4.8 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$211,652.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$8.3 million.

The largest change in capital asset activity during the year occurred in the buildings category. The District's buildings totaled \$6,767,474 at June 30, 2009, compared to \$6,632,601 at June 30, 2008.

	Figure A-6 Capital Assets, net of Depreciation (Expressed in Thousands)						
	Governi	mental	Busine	Business type		al	Total
	Activ	ities	Activ	Activities		rict	Change
	June 30,		June 30,		June 30,		June 30,
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2008-09
Land	\$ 116	116	-	-	116	116	0.0%
Buildings	4,137	4,144	-	-	4,137	4,144	-0.2%
Improvements other than buildings	128	133	-	-	128	133	-3.8%
Furniture and equipment	405	444	11	13	416	457	-9.0%
Totals	\$ 4,786	4,837	11	13	4,797	4,850	-1.1%

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2009 the District had \$2,220,105 in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of approximately 5.8% from last year. (See Figure A-7) Additional information about the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

	Figure A-7 Outstanding Long-Term Obligations (Expressed in Thousands)					
		To	otal		Total	
		Dis	trict		Change	
	June 30,				June 30,	
		2009	2008		2008-09	
General obligation bonds Early retirement	\$	2,205 15	2,340 16		-5.8%	
Totals	\$	2,220	2,356		-5.8%	

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Governor Chet Culver announced a 10% across-the-board cut to state general fund appropriations effective immediately. This includes cuts to individual Districts and the Iowa Department of Education.
- The District estimates these cuts will reduce state funding by approximately \$216,000 in 2009-10.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Karla De Cook, District Secretary/Treasurer and Business Manager, Lynnville-Sully Community School District, Sully, Iowa, 50251.

Basic Financial Statements

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

	Governmenta	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents:			
ISCAP	\$ 1,174,310) -	1,174,310
Other	1,286,569	9 62,451	1,349,020
Receivables:			
Property tax:			
Delinquent	15,48	5 -	15,485
Succeeding year	1,753,310		1,753,316
Income surtax	189,33		189,337
Accounts	6,71		6,710
Accrued interest:	0,7 10	-	0,710
	0.04	4	0.044
ISCAP	3,24		3,241
Due from other governments	275,413		275,413
Inventories		- 2,516	2,516
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,785,62		4,796,639
Total assets	9,490,004	4 75,983	9,565,987
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	117,77	7 -	117,777
Salaries and benefits payable	409,10	1 3,580	412,681
Accrued interest payable	8,39	-	8,393
Unearned revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	1,753,310	-	1,753,316
Income surtax	189,33		189,337
ISCAP warrants payable	1,157,000		1,157,000
ISCAP accrued interest payable	4,68		4,687
ISCAP unamortized premium	19,56		19,567
Long-term liabilities:	10,00	•	.0,007
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	140,000	n	140,000
Early retirement	•		
•	7,552	-	7,552
Portion due after one year:	0.005.00	2	0.005.000
General obligation bonds payable	2,065,000		2,065,000
Early retirement	7,55		7,553
Total liabilities	5,879,28	3,580	5,882,863
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,580,623	3 11,016	2,591,639
Restricted for:			
Management levy	12,329	9 -	12,329
Physical plant and equipment levy	177,260	6 -	177,266
Capital projects	235,66	4 -	235,664
Other special revenue purposes	145,21	-	145,213
Debt service	834		834
Unrestricted	458,79		520,179
Total net assets	\$ 3,610,72	·	3,683,124
	-		0,000,

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2009

		Program Revenues				
		Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular instruction	\$	2,060,553	349,896	448,822	-	
Special instruction		723,565	57,721	101,847	-	
Other instruction		685,700	254,548	18,721	-	
		3,469,818	662,165	569,390		
Support Services:						
Student		109,099	-	-	-	
Instructional staff		122,943	-	-	-	
Administration		552,801	-	-	-	
Operating and maintenance of plant		390,682	-	-	-	
Transportation		305,723	-	31,173		
		1,481,248	-	31,173	<u>-</u>	
Non-instructional programs		998	-	-	-	
Other expenditures:						
Facilities acquisition		67,622	-	-	-	
Long-term debt interest		106,277	-	-	-	
AEA flowthrough		163,657	-	163,657	-	
		337,556	-	163,657	-	
Total governmental activities		5,289,620	662,165	764,220	-	
Business type activities:						
Non-instructional programs:						
Food service operations	_	246,813	184,008	66,328		
		246,813	184,008	66,328	-	
Total primary government	\$	5,536,433	846,173	830,548		

Exhibit B

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business type Activities	Total
(1,261,835)	-	(1,261,835)
(563,997)	-	(563,997)
(412,431)	-	(412,431)
(2,238,263)	-	(2,238,263)
(109,099)	-	(109,099)
(122,943)	-	(122,943)
(552,801)	-	(552,801)
(390,682)	-	(390,682)
(274,550)	-	(274,550)
(1,450,075)	-	(1,450,075)
(998)	-	(998)
(67,622)		(67 699)
(106,277)	-	(67,622) (106,277)
(100,277)	-	(100,277)
(173,899)		(173,899)
(170,000)		(170,000)
(3,863,235)	_	(3,863,235)
(0,000,=00)		(0,000,200)
-	3,523	3,523
	3,523	3,523
(3,863,235)	3,523	(3,859,712)

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2009

	<u> </u>			
			Operating Grants, Contributions	Capital Grants, Contributions
	Expenses	Charges for Service	and Restricted Interest	and Restricted Interest
\$	5,536,433	846,173	830,548	

Totals continued from previous pages

General Revenues:

Property tax levied for:

General purposes

Debt service

Capital outlay

Statewide sales and services tax

Unrestricted state grants

Unrestricted investment earnings

Other

Contributions not restricted to specific programs

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets beginning of year, as restated

Net assets end of year

Exhibit B

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

 Governmental Activities	Business type Activities	Total
(3,863,235)	3,523	(3,859,712)
1,615,058	-	1,615,058
141,866	-	141,866
145,546	-	145,546
286,234	-	286,234
1,589,860	-	1,589,860
31,710	338	32,048
6,580	-	6,580
55,689	-	55,689
3,872,543	338	3,872,881
9,308	3,861	13,169
 3,601,413	68,542	3,669,955
\$ 3,610,721	72,403	3,683,124

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

					Non-major	
			Debt	Capital	Special	
		General	Service	Projects	Revenue	Total
Assets				•		
Cash and pooled investments:						
ISCAP	\$	1,174,310	_	-	-	1,174,310
Other	·	704,183	7,961	218,807	355,618	1,286,569
Receivables:		,	,	,	,	, ,
Property tax:						
Current year delinquent		12,765	1,266	_	1,454	15,485
Succeeding year		1,435,105	140,718	-	177,493	1,753,316
Income surtax		142,003	-	-	47,334	189,337
Accounts		-	-	-	6,710	6,710
Accrued interest:					-, -	-, -
ISCAP		3,241	-	-	_	3,241
Due from other governments		258,556	-	16,857	_	275,413
Total assets	\$	3,730,163	149,945	235,664	588,609	4,704,381
			·	-	·	
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	96,355	-	-	21,422	117,777
Salaries and benefits payable		409,101	-	-	, -	409,101
Early retirement payable		· -	-	-	7,552	7,552
ISCAP warrants payable		1,157,000	-	-	, -	1,157,000
ISCAP accrued interest payable		4,687	-	-	-	4,687
ISCAP unamortized premium		19,567	-	_	-	19,567
Deferred revenue:		ŕ				,
Succeeding year property tax		1,435,105	140,718	_	177,493	1,753,316
Income surtax		142,003	-	-	47,334	189,337
Total liabilities		3,263,818	140,718	-	253,801	3,658,337
			•		•	
Fund balances:						
Reserved for debt service		-	9,227	-	_	9,227
Unreserved		466,345	-	235,664	334,808	1,036,817
Total fund balances		466,345	9,227	235,664	334,808	1,046,044
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,730,163	149,945	235,664	588,609	4,704,381

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)

\$ 1,046,044

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

4,785,623

Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.

(8,393)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and early retirement, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

(2,212,553)

Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

\$ 3,610,721

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2009

		Debt	Capital	Non-major Governmental	
	General	Service	Projects	Funds	Total
Revenues:	'				
Local sources:					
Local tax	\$ 1,550,012	141,866	286,234	210,592	2,188,704
Tuition	304,670	-	-	-	304,670
Other	105,858	532	3,729	340,632	450,751
State sources	2,152,474	61	-	69	2,152,604
Federal sources	202,199	-	-	-	202,199
Total revenues	4,315,213	142,459	289,963	551,293	5,298,928
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	1,984,650	-	-	31,877	2,016,527
Special	697,974	-	-	· -	697,974
Other	336,778	-	-	319,919	656,697
	3,019,402	-	-	351,796	3,371,198
Support services:	'-				
Student	89,816	-	-	516	90,332
Instructional staff	86,546	-	-	570	87,116
Administration	542,487	-	-	5,679	548,166
Operation and maintenance of plant	334,778	-	-	53,854	388,632
Transportation	268,703	-	-	2,659	271,362
	1,322,330	-	-	63,278	1,385,608
Non-instructional programs				998	998
Other expenditures:					
Facilities acquisition	_	_	161,341	41,154	202,495
Long-term debt:			101,011	,	202, 100
Principal Principal	_	135,000	_	_	135,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	106,755	_	_	106,755
AEA flowthrough	163,657	100,700	_	_	163,657
, te, t now an oagh	163,657	241,755	161,341	41,154	607,907
Total expenditures	4,505,389	241,755	161,341	457,226	5,365,711
France (deficiency) of various					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(100 170)	(00,000)	100.000	04.007	(CC 700)
(under) expenditures	(190,176)	(99,296)	128,622	94,067	(66,783)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in (out)		100,000	(100,000)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		100,000	(100,000)	-	-
Net change in fund balances	(190,176)	704	28,622	94,067	(66,783)
Fund balances beginning of year, as restated	656,521	8,523	207,042	240,741	1,112,827
Fund balances end of year	\$ 466,345	9,227	235,664	334,808	1,046,044

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)		\$ (66,783)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Captal outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 159,818 (211,652)	(51,834)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		135,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regarldess of when it is due.		478
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Early retirement		(7,553)

See notes to financial statements.

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

9,308

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2009

Assets	School Nutrition	
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	62,451
Inventories	*	2,516
Total current assets		64,967
Non-current assets: Property and equipment:		
Machinery and equipment		155,003
Accumulated depreciation		(143,987)
Total non-current assets		11,016
Total assets		75,983
Liabilities Current liabilities:		
Salaries and benefits payable		3,580
Total current liabilities	-	3,580
		,
Net Assets		44.040
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		11,016
Unrestricted		61,387
Total net assets	\$	72,403

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended June 30, 2009

	School Nutrition	
Operating revenue:		
Local sources:		
Charges for services	\$	184,008
Operating expenses:		
Non-instructional programs:		
Food service operations:		
Depreciation		2,134
Other		244,679
Total operating expenses		246,813
Operating loss		(62,805)
Non-operating revenue:		
Local sources		338
State sources		2,717
Federal sources		63,611
Total non-operating revenue		66,666
Change in net assets		3,861
Net assets beginning of year		68,542
Net assets end of year	\$	72,403

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended June 30, 2009

real chaca dune 30, 2003		School Nutrition
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services Net cash used by operating activities	\$	184,087 (132,053) (94,120) (42,086)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: State grants received Federal grants received Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		2,717 48,146 50,863
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		338
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		9,115
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		53,336
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	62,451
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	\$	(62,805)
Commodities used Depreciation Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in inventories (Decrease) in accounts payable Increase in salaries and benefits payable		15,465 2,134 79 1,126 (1,665) 3,580
Net cash used by operating activities Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to specific assets included on Combined Balance Sheet:	\$	(42,086)
Current assets: Cash Cash and cash equivalents at year end	\$ \$	62,451 62,451

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District received federal commodities valued at \$15,465.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Lynnville-Sully Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve and special education pre-kindergarten. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as vocational and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the cities of Lynnville, Sully, Searsboro and Killduff, Iowa and the predominate agricultural territory in Jasper, Poweshiek and Mahaska counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Lynnville-Sully Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The Lynnville-Sully Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organization</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Jasper County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental funds.

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the District are considered non-major and are as follows:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: The Special Revenue Funds account for the revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These funds consist of the following:

Student Activity Funds: This fund accounts for transactions that occur due to student-related activities from groups and organizations such as athletic and activity events, fundraising and other extra-curricular or co-curricular activities.

Management Fund: This fund is authorized by Iowa Code Section 298.4 and accounts for transactions related to unemployment, early retirement, judgments and settlements and the cost of liability insurance as it relates to property and casualty.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL) Fund: This fund is authorized by Iowa Code 298.2 and accounts for transactions related to the improvement of facilities and grounds, construction of school houses, certain equipment expenditures and other expenditures authorized in Iowa Code 298.3.

Proprietary Fund Types: Proprietary fund types are used to account for the District's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows. The following are the District's proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the District has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the District has elected to apply all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those pronouncements which conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The following enterprise fund of the District is considered non-major:

School Nutrition Fund: This fund accounts for transactions related to the school lunch, breakfast and summer food programs authorized by Iowa Code 283A.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2007 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2008.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	<u>Amount</u>
Land	\$ 3,500
Buildings	3,500
Improvements other than buildings	3,500
Furniture and equipment	3,500

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> - Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

<u>Deferred and Unearned Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of the succeeding year's property tax receivable and income surtax receivable not collected within sixty days after year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

Unearned revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of the succeeding year's property tax receivable and income surtax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Long-term liabilities</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u> - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2009, expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the other expenditures functional area.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2009 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

(3) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount		
Debt Service	Capital Projects	\$ 100,000		

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

(4) Iowa School Cash Anticipation Program (ISCAP)

The District participates in the Iowa Schools Cash Anticipation Program (ISCAP). ISCAP is a program of the Iowa Association of School Boards and is designed to provide funds to participating entities during periods of cash deficits. ISCAP is funded by a semiannual issuance of anticipatory warrants which mature as noted below. The warrant sizing of each school corporation is based on a projection of cash flow needs during the semiannual period. ISCAP accounts are maintained for each participating entity and monthly statements are provided regarding their cash balance, interest earnings, and amounts available for withdrawal for each outstanding series of warrants. Bankers Trust Co. NA is the trustee for the program. A summary of the District's participation in ISCAP as of June 30, 2009 is as follows:

		Final			Accrued		Accrued
	Warrant	Warrant			Interest	Warrants	Interest
Series	Date	Maturity	In	vestment	Receivable	Payable	Payable
2008-09B	1/21/2009	1/21/2010	\$	339,295	3,138	335,000	4,405
2009-10A	6/25/2009	6/23/2010		835,015	103	822,000	282
Total			\$	1,174,310	3,241	1,157,000	4,687

The District pledges its state foundation aid payments and General Fund receipts as security for warrants issued. Repayments must be made when General Fund receipts are received. If a balance is outstanding on the last date the funds are available to be drawn, then the District must repay the outstanding withdrawal from its General Fund receipts. In addition, the District must make minimum warrant repayments on the 25th of each month immediately following the final date that the warrant proceeds may be used in an amount equal to 25% of the warrant amount.

The warrants bear interest and available proceeds of the warrants are invested at the interest rates shown below:

		Interest Rates
	Interest Rates	on
 Series	on Warrants	Investments
2008-09A	3.50%	3.469%
2008-09B	3.00%	2.11%
2009-10A	2.50%	0.902%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

(5) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning				Balance End of	
		of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year	
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	116,125	-	-	116,125	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		116,125	-	-	116,125	
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings		6,632,601	134,873	_	6,767,474	
Improvements other than buildings		278,926	-	_	278,926	
Furniture and equipment		1,435,797	24,945	23,380	1,437,362	
Total capital assets being depreciated		8,347,324	159,818	23,380	8,483,762	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		2,488,045	142,750	_	2,630,795	
Improvements other than buildings		146,359	4,472	_	150,831	
Furniture and equipment		991,588	64,430	23,380	1,032,638	
Total accumulated depreciation		3,625,992	211,652	23,380	3,814,264	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		4,721,332	(51,834)		4,669,498	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	4,837,457	(51,834)	-	4,785,623	
Business type activities:						
Furniture and equipment	\$	157,870	-	2,867	155,003	
Less accumulated depreciation		144,720	2,134	2,867	143,987	
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$	13,150	(2,134)	-	11,016	
Depreciation expense was charged by the Dis	trict a	s follows:				
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular					\$ 61,418	
Special					25,591	
Other					29,003	
Support services:						
Student services					18,767	
Instructional staff					35,827	
Administration					4,635	
Operation and maintenance of plant					2,050	
Transportation				_	34,361	
				•	211,652	
Unallocated depreciation					_	
Total governmental activities depreciation	expe	nse		:	\$ 211,652	
Business type activities:						
Food services				=	\$ 2,134	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

(6) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2009 are summarized as follows:

	1	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions	Balance End of Year	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	Φ.	0.040.000		105.000	0.005.000	440.000
General obligation bonds	\$	2,340,000	-	135,000	2,205,000	140,000
Early retirement		16,420	15,105	16,420	15,105	7,552
Total	\$	2,356,420	15,105	151,420	2,220,105	147,552

General Obligation Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2009 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Bond Issue of February 1, 2002							
Year ending	Interest						
June 30,	Rates		Principal	Interest	Total		
2010	4.57%	\$	140,000	100,718	240,718		
2011	4.59%		145,000	94,768	239,768		
2012	4.61%		150,000	88,605	238,605		
2013	4.65%		160,000	82,230	242,230		
2014	4.68%		170,000	75,350	245,350		
2015	4.71%		175,000	67,870	242,870		
2016	4.74%		185,000	59,995	244,995		
2017	4.77%		195,000	51,485	246,485		
2018	4.80%		205,000	42,515	247,515		
2019	4.84%		215,000	32,880	247,880		
2020	4.85%		225,000	22,560	247,560		
2021	4.90%		240,000	11,760	251,760		
	Total	\$	2,205,000	730,736	2,935,736		

(7) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.10% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 6.35% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The District's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$175,257, \$156,889, and \$139,317, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

(8) Termination Benefits

The District offers a voluntary early retirement plan to its employees. Eligible employees must have completed at least twenty years of continuous service to the District and must have reached the age of fifty-five on or before August 1 in the calendar year in which early retirement commences. The application for early retirement is subject to approval by the Board of Education.

Early retirement benefits are calculated as the difference between the employee's current salary exclusive of all supplemental or extended year pay and \$25,000. In addition, employees separating under this policy will be paid for accrued sick leave at the rate of 1/10 of their per diem pay per day of accumulated, unused sick leave, to a maximum of 120 days.

The employee shall receive their total benefit in two equal payments, with the first payment in July of the year of separation and the second in July of the year following separation from the District. At June 30, 2009, the District had obligations to one participant with a total liability of \$15,105.

(9) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(10) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$163,657 for the year ended June 30, 2009 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(11) Restatements

The total beginning net assets of governmental activities and the beginning General Fund balance were decreased by \$99,195 due to a reallocation of state grants.

(12) Subsequent Event

On October 8, 2009, Governor Chet Culver announced a 10 percent across-the-board cut to state general fund appropriations effective immediately. The cut is a reduction of approximately \$238.5 million to lowa schools and approximately \$800,000 to the lowa Department of Education. What this will mean to lowa school districts is still unfolding.

Required Supplementary Information

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF REVEUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ALL GOVERNMENTAL

FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year ended June 30, 2009

						Final to Actual
	Governmental Funds		Proprietary		Budgeted	Variance-
			Funds		Amounts	Positive
		Actual	Actual	Total Actual	Original and Final	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	2,944,125	184,346	3,128,471	3,155,765	(27,294)
State sources		2,152,604	2,717	2,155,321	2,460,754	(305,433)
Federal sources		202,199	63,611	265,810	223,000	42,810
Total revenues		5,298,928	250,674	5,549,602	5,839,519	(289,917)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		3,371,198	-	3,371,198	3,507,997	136,799
Support services		1,385,608	-	1,385,608	1,785,000	399,392
Noninstructional programs		998	246,813	247,811	300,000	52,189
Other expenditures		607,907	-	607,907	607,681	(226)
Total expenditures		5,365,711	246,813	5,612,524	6,200,678	588,154
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(66,783)	3,861	(62,922)	(361,159)	298,237
Balances beginning of year, as restated		1,112,827	68,542	1,181,369	1,231,682	(50,313)
Balances end of year	\$	1,046,044	72,403	1,118,447	870,523	247,924

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING Year ended June 30, 2009

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with *Governmental Accounting Standards* Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of lowa also provides District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the amount budgeted.

Other Supplementary Information

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2009

				Physical	
				Plant and	
	Mar	nagement	Student	Equipment	
		Levy	Activity	Levy	Total
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	19,289	154,726	181,603	355,618
Receivables:					
Property tax:					
Current year delinquent		592	-	862	1,454
Succeeding year		75,000	-	102,493	177,493
Income surtax		-	<u>-</u>	47,334	47,334
Accounts		-	6,710		6,710
Total assets	\$	94,881	161,436	332,292	588,609
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	-	16,223	5,199	21,422
Early retirement payable		7,552	-	-	7,552
Deferred revenue:					
Succeeding year property tax		75,000	-	102,493	177,493
Income surtax		-	-	47,334	47,334
Total liabilities		82,552	16,223	155,026	253,801
Fund balances:					
Unreserved, undesignated					
fund balance		12,329	145,213	177,266	334,808
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	94,881	161,436	332,292	588,609

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2009

		Spe			
	Management Levy		Student Activity	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
Revenues:		Levy	Activity	Levy	Total
Local sources:					
Local tax	\$	65,046	_	145,546	210,592
Other	Ψ	5,314	326,631	8,687	340,632
State sources		27	-	42	69
Total revenues		70,387	326,631	154,275	551,293
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular		24,174	-	7,703	31,877
Other		-	319,919	-	319,919
Support Services:					
Student		516	-	-	516
Instructional staff		570	-	-	570
Administration		3,466	2,213	-	5,679
Operation and maintenance of plant		32,026	-	21,828	53,854
Transportation		2,659	-	-	2,659
Non-instructional program		998	-	-	998
Other expenditures:					
Facilities acquisition		-	-	41,154	41,154
Total expenditures		64,409	322,132	70,685	457,226
Excess of revenues over expenditures		5,978	4,499	83,590	94,067
Fund balances beginning of year		6,351	140,714	93,676	240,741
Fund balances end of year	\$	12,329	145,213	177,266	334,808

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, STUDENT ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS Year ended June 30, 2009

		Balance			Balance	
	Beginning			Expendi-	End	
Account		of Year	Revenues	tures	of Year	
Athletic Booster Club	\$	21,683	34,407	32,337	23,753	
Drill Team		361	3,657	3,066	952	
ITED Incentives		2,765	334	-	3,099	
Weightlifting		1,136	90	-	1,226	
Instrumental Concerts		-	435	293	142	
Instrumental Resale		-	183	100	83	
Vocal Concerts		-	382	382	-	
Music Booster Club		11,891	12,921	20,844	3,968	
Music Boosters Uniforms		1,370	635	209	1,796	
Academic Booster Club		5,952	6,080	5,468	6,564	
High School Annual (Yearbook)		19,461	24,817	25,440	18,838	
Junior High Annual		3,548	2,226	2,213	3,561	
Speech and Drama		-	2,922	2,807	115	
Cheerleaders		1,181	1,074	2,129	126	
Co-Ed Athletics		9,582	43,770	44,707	8,645	
Basketball		400	1,825	1,656	569	
Football		2,487	13,455	13,672	2,270	
Baseball		(27)	27,426	26,893	506	
Cross Country		164	182	-	346	
Track		-	1,444	1,444	-	
Golf		270	-	243	27	
Wrestling		725	1,986	1,527	1,184	
Volleyball		1,281	2,773	1,689	2,365	
Softball		214	3,575	3,232	557	
F.C.A.		683	1,066	1,669	80	
F.F.A.		7,721	17,187	16,019	8,889	
National Honor Society		88	1,096	1,076	108	
High School Student Council		7,040	9,214	7,200	9,054	
Junior High Student Council		8,884	19,853	24,953	3,784	
Class of 2008		1,119	-	1,119	-	
Class of 2009		4,057	7,150	10,027	1,180	
Class of 2010		5,381	9,894	8,163	7,112	
Class of 2011		2,122	3,883	20	5,985	
Class of 2112		-	5,435	3,105	2,330	
Class of 2018		438	28	416	50	
Class of 2019		_	3,210	2,462	748	
Spanish Club		135	-	-	135	
Padlocks		521	514	395	640	
Activity Card		2,513	1,175	-	3,688	
Interest		5,320	1,411	158	6,573	
After Prom Party		153	19,510	18,316	1,347	
Math Club		2,863	5,795	6,760	1,898	
		-	•	•	•	

Schedule 3

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, STUDENT ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS Year ended June 30, 2009

Account	В	Balance Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expendi- tures	Balance End of Year
Eighth Grade Banquet		494	-	-	494
Athletic Booster - LL and Soccer		4,858	11,314	8,410	7,762
Art Club		1,747	3,640	4,369	1,018
Hawk Talk		-	240	30	210
Jazz Band		133	1,000	396	737
Concession Stand		-	17,417	16,718	699
Totals	\$	140,714	326,631	322,132	145,213

Schedule 4

LYNNVILLE-SULLY COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST EIGHT YEARS

	Modified Accrual Basis							
	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Revenues:								
Local sources:								
Local tax	\$2,188,704	2,096,135	2,030,294	1,946,651	1,601,563	1,724,141	1,834,207	1,605,992
Tuition	304,670	279,487	286,278	270,715	254,227	234,372	229,776	213,400
Other	450,751	492,107	513,387	642,764	812,954	677,403	357,558	367,557
Intermediate sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,151	6,770
State sources	2,152,604	2,259,724	2,198,030	2,145,914	1,847,808	1,780,259	1,777,670	1,724,070
Federal sources	202,199	175,356	185,570	113,297	148,122	118,072	136,851	63,660
Total	\$5,298,928	5,302,809	5,213,559	5,119,341	4,664,674	4,534,247	4,340,213	3,981,449
Expenditures:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$2,016,527	1,917,943	1,794,640	1,708,092	1,588,743	1,608,616	1,515,256	1,450,933
Special	697,974	665,827	656,680	766,259	628,435	553,353	501,199	363,015
Other	656,697	580,612	559,788	401,269	707,540	605,766	521,873	621,942
Support services:								
Student	90,332	81,065	79,132	75,984	76,611	74,035	130,227	100,841
Instructional staff	87,116	112,269	69,720	110,692	91,545	85,689	82,792	100,881
Administration	548,166	575,598	554,684	490,049	484,750	475,768	483,767	481,490
Operation and maintenance of								
plant	388,632	380,045	388,497	313,949	292,393	303,195	279,515	257,586
Transportation	271,362	269,564	337,613	312,777	216,996	264,851	203,201	251,563
Non-instructional programs	998	1,316	788	728	1,304	5,960	2,097	1,822
Other expenditures:								
Facilities acquisition	202,495	164,212	80,031	930,616	133,660	644,711	2,440,074	205,878
Long-term debt:								
Principal	135,000	130,000	125,000	120,000	115,000	110,000	60,000	25,000
Interest and other charges	106,755	112,280	117,592	122,693	127,580	132,255	179,490	31,250
AEA flowthrough	163,657	161,343	156,987	147,838	139,489	141,990	153,505	151,184
Total	\$5,365,711	5,152,074	4,921,152	5,500,946	4,604,046	5,006,189	6,552,996	4,043,385



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of Lynnville-Sully Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lynnville-Sully Community School District, Lynnville-Sully, lowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lynnville-Sully Community School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Lynnville-Sully Community School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lynnville-Sully Community School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies, including deficiencies we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Lynnville-Sully Community School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of Lynnville-Sully Community School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Lynnville-Sully Community School District's internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Lynnville-Sully Community School District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe items II-A-09 is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lynnville-Sully Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2009 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Lynnville-Sully Community School District's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the District's responses, we did not audit Lynnville-Sully Community School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Lynnville-Sully Community School District and other parties to whom Lynnville-Sully Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Lynnville-Sully Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Van Maanen, Sietstra & Meyer, PC Certified Public Accountants

Van Mainen, Sietstra & Meyer, PC

September 9, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2009

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) Significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, including a material weakness.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE

No matters were noted.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

II-A-09 Segregation of Duties – The limited number of office personnel prevents a proper segregation of accounting functions necessary to assure adequate internal control. This is not unusual in school Districts of your size, but the Board should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from a control point of view. Under these conditions, the most effective controls lie in the Board's knowledge of matters relating to the District's operations.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review its procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will continue to investigate alternatives to this problem.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

III-A-09 <u>Certified Budget</u> - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2009, exceeded the certified budget amount in the other expenditures functional area.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The certified budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 24.9 of the Code of lowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

<u>Response</u> – Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

III-B-09 Questionable Expenditures - No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2009

III-C-09 <u>Disbursement Approval</u> - For several transactions, there was insufficient documentation to determine the date the Superintendent approved routine expenditures for advance payment in accordance with the District's policy.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The District should ensure all expenditures are properly approved. For payments made in advance of Board meetings, the District should maintain documentation of the Superintendent's approval of claims for payment, such as the Superintendent's initials and date of approval. The District should also review the list of bills presented to the Board at regular meetings to ensure all claims are included.

<u>Response</u> - We will ensure all expenditures are properly approved and maintain documentation of the approval of disbursements made in advance of Board approval by having the Superintendent initial and date the claims.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- III-D-09 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- III-E-09 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- III-F-09 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-G-09 <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
- III-H-09 <u>Certified Enrollment</u> No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted.
- III-I-09 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
- III-J-09 <u>Certified Annual Report</u> The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.
- III-K-09 <u>Categorical Funding</u> No instances were noted of categorical funding used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2009

III-L-09 <u>Statewide Sales and Services Tax</u> – No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales and services tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales and services tax. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the District's financial activity and other required information for the statewide sales and services tax are as follows:

Beginning balance		\$ -
Statewide sales and services tax revenue		286,234
Expenditures/transfers out:		
School infrastructure:		
Facilities acquisition and construction \$	161,341	
Debt service for school infrastructure:		
General obligation debt	100,000	261,341
Ending balance		\$ 24,893